

Influenza Factsheet for Parents & Carers

Thames Valley Public Health England Centre, September 2013

What is influenza?

Influenza or 'flu' is a viral infection that mainly affects the nose, throat and the lungs. Influenza is worse than an ordinary cold. It usually starts suddenly with a high fever over 38°C which can last for 3-4 days. A dry cough, headaches and chills are common as are general muscle aches and pains. A stuffy nose, sneezing and a sore throat can also be present. Some children may also feel sick (nausea), or have diarrhoea. Tiredness can last 2-3 weeks.

How do you catch influenza?

Influenza is mostly caught by breathing in air containing the virus when an infected person coughs/sneezes or by touching a surface where the virus has landed and then touching your mouth or nose.

How infectious is influenza?

Influenza is infectious and can spread rapidly from person to person. Some strains of virus are more infectious than others, or cause more severe illness.

How can you reduce the risk of influenza transmission in schools?

- Keep children and staff that are ill away from school they should remain off school until they are symptom free.
- Wash hands frequently with soap and water and dry thoroughly.
- Avoid touching surfaces (such as door handles) and then the face.
- Cover your mouth and nose with a tissue when coughing or sneezing and dispose of used/dirty tissues in a bin – "Catch it, Bin it, Kill it"

Will my child need treatment?

- Most people with the flu need no special treatment. Influenza is caused by a virus so antibiotics do not help unless there is a complication. Occasionally a special 'antiviral' medicine is given to people in the risk groups for severe illness or whose illness is getting worse.
- Someone who is ill with flu should keep warm, rest and drink lots of fluids to prevent dehydration.
- Paracetamol can be given to reduce the fever; aspirin must NOT be given to children under 16 years of age as it has been associated with the development of a severe neurological disorder called Reye's syndrome.
- It is best to stay at home while feeling ill with influenza as this reduces the chance of spreading the infection to others.

Can you prevent influenza?

Vaccine is available to protect against flu. It is recommended for:

- People of any age with chronic heart, lung, metabolic disorders (including diabetes), liver or kidney problems or a lowered immune system due to treatment or disease.
- Pregnant women
- Everyone aged 65 and over
- From September 2013 it is also recommended for all children age two and three.